THE WEEKLY UNION, a very large paper for country reduction, will be published every Saturday morning at the following prices: For one copy, \$2 per annun; three copies for \$5; the opies for \$5; the ones for \$15; twenty copies, and is one address, the Saturday-look may commence at any time.

EDUCATION

ST. VINCENT'S SCHOOLS.—The Day-schools at-

pib. A very limited number was family. TUITION. Primary department, \$10; junior, \$12.50; senior, \$15

L. C. LOOMS, A. M.

Reference is made to the following gentlemen, whose eards have been under my instruction and care: How. Thomas H. Heks, governor of Maryland. How. Peter F. Causey, governor of Delaware. Rev. Bashon Levi Scott, D. D., Winnington, Delaware. Hon. Geo. W. Sparks, mayor city of Wilmington, Dr. H. F. Askow, postmaster city of Wilmington, Rev. De Hamilton, Baltimore. J. W. Wells, esq., hepartiment Interior, Washington, R. Zimnerman, esq., Alexandria, Yirguia, August 20—colm

CADEMY OF THE VISITATION, Washington

Tyson and Sisters, for bearding papers, attended on the Battimore Washington Railcond, 16 miles from Washington dity, e duties of this Institution, which has been established for eighteen e, will be resumed on the 15th of September. Circulars may be by application to the Seminory, or at Dr. Tyson's, corner of i and Dish streets, Warhington.
Letters directed to Laurel Factory postoffice will be promptly atleaded to.
Aug. 24—1m

ST. JOHN'S SEMINARY, No. 408, 15th street, be-ST. JOHN'S SEMINARY, No. 408, 15th Street, Decipal. tween H and I streets, Washington, D. C. Dr. L. J. Draper, principal. This School will open on the first Monday in September next. For further particulars inquire of the Principal at the school-room after the first of September, or of Rev. E. L. S. Waldron, St. Matthew's Aug. 24.

NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE.

The thirty-everall gammal course of lectures will commence in this stitution on the 18th of October next, and continue until the 1st o

that yeven and the 18th of October next, and continue who had been also on the 18th of October next, and continue who had been and the professor of Chatcher and Diseases of Women and Children JOSHUA BLEY, M. D.,
Professor of Materia Modica, Therapoutics, and Hygiene. GRAFTON TYLER, M. D.,
feasor of Pathology, Practice of Medicine, and Cinical Medicine. JAMES J. WARING, M. D.,
Therapoutics and Microscopical and Pathological Anatomy.

of Physiology and Microscopical and Pathological Anatomy.

R. KING STONE, M. D.,
of Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.
JOHN G. F. HOLSTON, M. D.,
Professor of Surgery and Chical Surgery.
HENRY W. HETZ, M. A.,
Professor of themistry and Pharmacy.
SELDEN W. CROW, M. D.,
Demonstrator of Anatomy.

J. RILEY, M. D., Dean. WASSINGTON INFIBMARY.

Washington Interest.

Clinical Department of the National Medical College.

During the winter assiston clinical lectures are delivered by the Professors of the Practice of Medicine and of Surgery, and operations performed before the class. During the remaining period of the year the clinical lectures are delivered by the other professors. Until the commencement of the approaching course these lectures will be delivered daily, commencing at 4½, p. m. Students residing in the city are admitted to the above lectures free of charge. Persons from a distance who wish to become resident students must address the Carator, who will inform them of the terms, and register their names for vanancies.

W. P. JOHNSTON, M. D., Aug 19—2awtlatNoy

Curator,

THE FRENCH LANGUAGE.—The facilities afforded at the FEMALE ENGLISH AND FRENCH COLLECTATE DESTRUCTE for a thorough and practical knowledge of the French language are not surpressed or equalified by any other lactitution in the city. The corps of French teachers will be increased the coming year, which will commence on the 6th of September, and more of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclume of the stadies will be pursued and tangist, through the inclument of the stadies will be pursued as a better through the pursue of the stadies will be pursued and the inclument of the stadies of the stadies will be pursued and the inclument of the stadies of the stadies will be present the stadies will be pursued as a stadies will be because of the winter.

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THE COLUMBIAN COLLEGE. Washington, D. C.—
The next session of this institution will commone on Wednesday, the twenty-sinth (29th) of September. Applicants for admission will be examined on the Monday and Tuesday before the epicaling of the session.

The Preparatory Department of the Columbian College will commone its next session on Wednesday, the eighth (8th) of September. Apply to

Aug 13—StawtlatNov

THE UNION ACADEMY .- The exercises of this well-known Institution will be resumed on the 1st of Septem-er, 1858.
Z. RICHARDS, Principal.

THE UNION FEMALE ACADEMY .- The Principai, Mrs. Z. ECCHARIES, gives notice that the exercises of this satisfation will be resumed on the 1st of September, 1858.

July 31—Ind.

PISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL OF VIRGINIA, AT

Howard, on the Heights, three miles west of Alexandria-ker, John P. Mestriffer, Rector.
The next session of this institution will commence on Wednesday, the 8th of September. the 3th of September.

The studies embrace a full course of Arcient and Modern Languages, the Natural Sciences, Mathematics, English, Mosic, Druwing

terms: \$250 per session, payable, invariably, semi-annually in ad-rance, viz. \$125 at the communication of the session, and \$125 on be second Wednesday in Peterusry.

This charge includes board, indion in the regular course and modern languages, light, they, washing, mending, &c.—everything, in lart, except backs, stationery, and clothing, and what is furnatived to the pupil.

hockers language the content of the second will be sent to be pupil.

Music and drawing are extra charges.

Music and drawing a full account of the school will be sent to be applied to containing a full account of the school will be sent to be applied to containing a full account of the school will be sent to be applied to

Right Bey, Wen, Meade, B. D.
Right Rey, John Johne, B. D.
The viergy of the discose.
The Professors of the University of Virginia.

M 188 BROOKE'S ENGLISH AND FRENCH boarding and Day School, Seven Buildings, No. 188 Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D.C. The duties of this establishment with be resumed on Monday, September 13, 1858. Groulars to be obtained of the Principal, and at the beokstores.

July 31—BlanutTheeThurzking

The Washington Anion.

"LIBERTY, THE UNION, AND THE CONSTITUTION."

VOL. XIV. NO. 116.

approved kinds.

The coal bunkers, shaft possage, two athwartship iron butk heads, a distilling apparatus for freet, water, from which can be made not less than 500 gallons per day, and the tools and duplicate pieces necessary and satisfactory for an efficient crutining ateam sloop of war, must be included in the proposition, and a list of them must be furnished.

inches.

Stem engine manufacturers who desire to bid, can obtain a copy of the section of any one of the vessels upon making application to the PAAC TOUCEY, Scoretary of the Navy.

THE GREAT WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Yours, truly, J. K. BRAGG.

The Berterative is put up in bottles of three sizes, vir. large, me dium, and small; the small holds half a pint, and retails for one dellar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent, more proportion than the small, retails for two dellars a bottle; the large holds a quart, forty per cent, more in proportion, and retails for \$3 of the dellar per cent.

bottle.

G. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great New York Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Aug 18—d3mo

RATH, (Me.,) Jan. 20, 1856.

July 29-lawtSep 8

WASHINGTON CITY, SUNDAY, AUGUST 29, 1858.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

Steam Machinery for Screw Propeller Sloops-of-War at the U. S. Navy Yards of Ports-mouth, N. H., Boston, New York, Philadel-phia, Gosport, and Pensacola. THE subscribers, grateful for past favors, and fading that a discrimitating public were bestowing their patronage to that extent that more warerooms were necessary to exhibit all their stock, have enlarged their depot, by opening an extensive ware and salesroom on Broadway, at No. 25), corner of Marray street, opposite the Gig Hall. This colargemout of warehouse room, with the recent extensive enlargement of their factory, will enable the subscribers to keep on hand at all times a larger stock of the and burglar-proof sales than any other establishment in the world. Particular attention will be had to constructing safes for private families to match with other furmance, for the security of phate and jewelry.

MESO. SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Steam Machinery for Screw Projector Stoops of War" will be received at this department until 3 welcok, p. m., of the eighth of September next, for the complete construction of the steam machinery and appendages, and placing the same on board, for each of the correw stoops-of-war building at the U.S. navy yards at Portamonth, N.R., New York, Philadelphia, and Gosport in accordance with the following conditions: N.-H., New York, Philadelphia, and Geoport in accordance with he following conditions:

The colors must be for a specific sum for putting the whole in successful operation, must include all patent fees, and the department will require a release from the properietors of any patenteel article or arrangements used in or about the machinery and must state the time in which the work will be completed, and must be accompated by the usual guarantee required by the usual guarantee required by law. The name of the establishment in which the work is to be executed must be stated. The details of the design and arrangement of the machinery will be left with the party whose proposition may be accepted as combining the greatest number of advantages, keeping is view cost, simplicity of construction, cautions of access for adjustment when in operation, and not being subject to decangement in the working parts; it being the object of the department to presure machinery which can develop great power when required so as to insure high speed for as many days as possible, while at the same time they will be able to prope the vessel at a maderate speed with great comonny of fuel, so that long voyages may be performed with one supply of coal.

With this view, the department will expect the bidders to guaran-

S. C. Herring & Co.'s Patent Champion Safes

without key

S. C. HERRING & Co.,

Nos. 135, 137, and 139 Water street, and

No. 201 Broadway, corner Murray et., New York.

F. COYLE & Col., Agouts

Washington, D. C.

B. W. ENOWLES, Agont

Richmond, Virginia.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN, & CO.,

CORNER PINE AND NASSAU STREETS, NEW YORK, SSUE circular notes and credits for travellers, available in all the principal cities of the world. Also, norcan-te credits, for use in Europe, China, &c.
May 28—6000*

MATTHEW HALE SMITH, Counsellor-at-Law Rooms 22, 24, No. 16 Wall street, New York.

of hed, so that long voyages may be performed with one supply of coal.

With this view, the department will expect the bidders to guaranty the results proposed as be accomplished, by their plans, and is specify theorem and under the following beads.

Ist. The amount of here power which the outlines and boilers will be able to develop for five days consecutively when driven up to their highest capacity, to be measured on beard the vessel by the indicator, at the rate of 35,000 pounds lifted one foot high he a minute and to be not less than 1,000 horse-power, and at least 50 revolutions per minute. The consumption of coals per horse-power per hour name the stated. The pressure is pounds per square inch on the piston necessary to work the engines at the above volocity, the screw being disconnected and the engines without a load, except the line of shafting, must not exceed 3½ pounds per square inch of piston by indicator diagram.

2d. The quantity of coal which can be stowed in the ship without exceeding the deal weight of 400 tons for manificary, appendages, believe and water in them, bunkers, tools, square pieces, and coal within the length occupied by the engines and boilers. The boilers to be of iron of the multitubular kind, with breas tubes and with the connections for hoisting it will be of composition. The propoller with the connexions for hoisting it will be of compositions. RICH SCHEMES FOR SEPTEMBER, 1858.—
GREGORY & MAURY, Managers, WHARNGTON, BELAWARE
to be drawn under the Superincendence of Commissioners appointed

\$37,000 !-Lottery for the Benefit of the STATE OF DELAWARE Class 195, for 1858. To be drawn at WILMINGTON, DEL., on Satur day, SEPTEMBER 4, 1858. 75 No. Lottery—12 Drawn Ballots — RICH SCHEME | \$47,000 | 1 prize of | 15,000 | 1 do | 10,000 | 75 prizes of | 5,000 | 75 do | 3,500 | 63 do |

Dekets \$10 halves \$5-quarters \$2 50. \$35,000 1—Lottery for the Benefit of the STATE OF DELAWARK Class 201, for 1858. To be drawn at WILMINGTON, Sel., on Satur-day, SEPTEMBEK 11, 1858. \$35,000 | 1 prize of ... 15,000 | 20 prizes of ... 10,000 | 50 do ... 7,500 | 200 do ... 4,000 | &c.,

cessary and satisfactory for an efficient crusing; atean shoop of-war, must be included in the proposition, and a list of them must be furnished.

The wood and carponter work, except the boring out the deadwood for the shaft necessary to adapt the vessel for the reception of the machinery, botters, and appendages will be provided at the expense of the Navy Department, and it will permit the use of such Lacilities as it may have for holving the heavy machinery on board.

For the accommodation of the entire steam machinery and the feel there will be allowed in the body of the ship, the entire agace under the sper deck commencing at 15 feet abalt the main most, and thence extending forward a distance of 50 feet.

Within this space it is expected to carry coal for five days' steaming at the maximum space.

In the appendages, with two and spare work, all of which must not excend 460 tools of 2,40 pounds.

The distance from the after side of the mainmant to the after side of the forward storing ones will be about 80 feet, and the distance heaves the commentation of the forward storing ones will be about 80 feet, and the distance heaves the forward and the after story posts will be seven feet. The depth from the load water line to the top of the keel under the proposition will be after story posts will be seven feet. The depth from the load water line to the top of the keel under the proposition will be about 80 feet, and the distance heavings, having the position of the centre of gravity of the machinery, botters, &c., marked on them, giving also the capacity of the steam of hinders, pressure of atoun, area of foot and delivery valves, and of air pump and outbours, the time, giving also the capacity of the steam of hinders, pressure of atoun, area of foot and delivery valves, and of air pump and outbours, the tire sad grads surface, also the dimeter, pitch, surface, and kind of propellor and other principal points, the valves and provided for in the centract shall have been completed to the satisfaction of the depart \$35,500 I.—Lottery for the Beauft of the STATE OF DELAWARE, Class 207, for 1888. To be drawn at WILMINGTON, DEL., on Satur-day, SEPTEMBER 18, 1858. 75 number Lottery.—12 Drawn Ballots

Tickets \$10-halves \$5-quarters \$2 50.

\$35,500 | 1 prize of .
12,500 | 1 do .
7,500 | 1 do .
8,600 | 50 prizes of .
6,000 | 50 do .
4,500 | 111 | do .
&c. , Tickets \$10-halves \$5-quarters \$2 50. Certificates of packages of 26 whole tickets.

Do do 25 half do

Do do 25 quarter do

Class Q, for 1858. To be drawn at WILMINGTON, DEL., of SEPTEMBER 25, 1858. 78 No. Lottery—12 Drawn Ballots.— MAGNIFICENT SCH

pense of taking it out of the supplied to refund whatever amount of the contract price may have been paid.

PROPOSALS will also be received at the same time and place for the steam machinery and appendages, and placing the same on board each of the screw sloops-of-war building at the navy-yards at Boston, Philadelphia, and Pensacola under the specifications and conditions above stated, with variations in the following particulars, viz.

1st. Horse power 750 at, at least, 80 recolutions per minute.

2d. The total weight for unchinery, appendages, bediers and water in them, bunkers, tools, spare pieces, and cool must not exceed 310 tons of 2,230 pounds each. The length occupied by the engines and boilers will commence 44 feet about the mainmast, and theuce extend forward a distance of 46 feet.

The distance from the after side of the mainmast to the after-side of the forward stern post will be about 75 feet. The depth from the load-water line to the top of the keel under the propeller will be 9 fest 2 laables. Orders for tickets and shares and certificates of packages in the above splendid lotteries will receive the most prompt attention, and an account of each drawing will be sent immediately after it is over to all

BRADY'S GALLERY, 352 Pennsylvania avenue, noar Seventh street, over Sweeny, Rittenhouse, Fant, & Co. Banking House.—Mr. BitADY begs respectfully to inform the public that, in consequence of the very liberal patrenage he has received since opening his Photographic Gallery at Washington, he will, contrary to his original intention, keep it open during the summer months.

months.

An efficient corps of artists will be constantly in attendance to execute photographs and surbrotypes in the best possible manner.

Prices enugging from one dollar upwards.

The collection of portraits of distinguished men at this gallery is the largest in the world, and is open for public inspection every day (Sundays excepted) from 7, a. m., to 7, p. m.

July 1—codâmos

THE GREAT WONDER OF THE KINETERSTITE
Century, Professor WOOD'S Hair Restorative.

Says the St. Louis (Me.) Democrat: Below we publish a letter to
Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glow. ingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guaractoes of teuth, the Doctor needs no encomiums nor uscless pattery from the press: THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

Not assets February 1, 1858, 44,685,908 95. Secured in State sonds and mortgages of first class.
Fresterick S. Winston, president. Isaac Abbott, secretary.

A. V. P. Garnett, M. D., examining physician, 465 Ninth street.
Famphiete and further information may be obtained at the office of CHARLES DE SELDEN, Agent,
June 22—46ms.

No. 507 Seventh street. TRURTLES! TURTLES!! TURTLES!!! AT LLOYD'S

AT LLOYD'S CHONAL RESTAURANT, NATIONAL RESTAURANT, NATIONAL RESTAURANT. Southeast corner of 7th and E streets.
Sorved up in Soup and Steaks every slay at 11 o'clock, a. m.
So-'Orders from families promptly attended to. 458
So-'Real Liva Geem Turties always on hand.

pattery from the press:

RATH, (Me.,) Jan. 20, 1856.

PROF. O. J. Wood & Co.: Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly bencheal effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of at upon my own hair, which had become quite gray, probably one-third white; my whickers were of the same character. Some three months since I procurse is bottle of your Hair Restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what thad wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since proving what thad wished. I used the hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am new stay years of a my good wife, at the age of fifty two, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I deem don to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statements. I am a clizen of this city and a resident here for the last fifteen years, and am known to mearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself.

Fam, truly, yours.

RAYMOND,

BALTHORN, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE. WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital \$200,000!

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. The only company in Washington having such a clause in its char

Risks on buildings, merchandise, furniture, &c., taken at the lowest ates.

Besides the actual capital of the company, the individual liability
aume of the charter renders the private fortune of each stockholder lame of the Coarter Fernanda and Tenth street.

Office—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Tenth street.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Proc. Wood: Dear sir. Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my lmir, from the effects of the yellow fever in New Orleans, in 1854, I was induced to make a trial or your preparation, and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afficied such a treassire.

The undersigned, J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Massachusetts. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved.

WM, DYER. office—Corner of Pennsylvania avenue and pennsylvania avenue and pennsylvania avenue and pennsylvania avenue and pennsylvania pennsylvania; Prancia Meium, James F. Habiay, Hudson Taylor, Win. Oraic, Samuel Bacon, Joseph Bryan, M. W. Galt. N. H.—No charge made for policies.

JAMES C. McGUIER, President. June 27—1y Proof. Wood: Dear sir: Having made trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation, dandruff, and a constant tendency to itching with which I have been troubled from childhood; and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit.

W ANTED—Printers and Editors.—The propri-etor of the well known and popular weekly paper, The Kara Southerner, is about moving to Missouri, and would like to dispose of the office and paper. This a rare opportunity, as it at the only paper of the kind in the South, and the only paper in a wealthy and popu-lous county. Population of the town alone about 4,000. Apply to RICHARD EDWARDS.

Richard Hill., General Agent and Collector, Richmond, Va., will devote his whole time to the Collection of Chains, and will attend to business in all the towns in Virginia.

We, the undersigned, have known Mr. Richard Hill for many years and cortially recommend him to the public.

Richie & Dunnayant, editors Richmond Enquirer, Va.

De Wilt, Lloyd, & Hardwicke, editors, &c., Richmond Etaminer, Bendurant, Elitat, & Sheids, proprietors of the Richmond Whig.

Juo. M. Gregory, United States autorney.

I NTERESTING TO LADIES.—When in the course of haman events ladies and gentlemen lose one of their greatest natural attractions—a fine head of heir—theoremes a matter of serious importance, and the question is, What shall we do to stop the hair from falling off and rectore its vigor and beauty? In reply to this query we beg to say try Dr. Harris's Hair Promoter and Improver. A few applications will stop the hair falling or breaking, remove dandruft, keep the scalp clean and white, and impart freeness and vigor to the hair; and, although you may have been labil twenty years, the continued use of it two months will insure you a fuxuriant head of bair. Call and get a bottle, and, if not existed after the second application; return it and get the price paid. Ask for Dr. Harris's Hair Promoter and Improver. Sold in Michemond by Corner Maine and 12th and Main and Wall streets.

Sold in Washington by Z. D. GHMAN, druggist, Penneylyamis avenue, near Tth street, and B. B. CLARK, 4), atrect and Punn. avenue. May 21.—3m. ENVE DOLLARS REWARD,-Lost or stolen the 5th of July best a Colt's revolver, with my name en-graven on the basile. The above reward will be paid to any one who will deliver the same at the Union office, or to the nondersigned. August 17—6t

WM. R. HENRY. HENRY & CAMPBELL,

M EMOIRS OF RACHEL, by Madame Do B.;

The States of Central America, their Geography, Population, Commerce, etc., by E. G. Squier; price \$3.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Theory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Theory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

The Hudory of Rechard the Third, by Jacob Abbott; price 60 cents.

Sept 25—dawnly

ARRIVAL FROM THE PACIFIC SIDE.

POLITICS IN CALIFORNIA.

News from Oregon and Washington. CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The steamer left San Francisco for Panama at 12 o'clock the 5th instant, and the democratic State convention embled at Sacramento at 12 o'clock on the 4th. The assembled at Sacramento at 12 o'clock on the 4th. The only intelligence received from it is contained in telegraphic despatches published in the San Francisco papers of the 5th instant, the day the steamer sailed. Much excitement prevailed among the politicians of California, as it was known that Mr. Broderick, one of the California senators, was sparing no effort to get control of the convention, and secure from it an approval of his course in the United States Senate. The convention, if full, would consist of 324 delegates, of which it was estimated, before the meeting of the convention, 179 were supporters of the present administration, and 52 were friends of Broderick, while the sentiments of the 93 others had not been ascertained, or their seats were contested.

The convention met at 12 o'clock, on the 4th inst., in Dr. Benton's church. Every county in the State ex-

in Dr. Benton's church. Every county in the State exext two was represented. It was called to order by V.
E. Geiger, chainman or the State central committee. Mr.
Street, of Shasta, was elected temporary chairman, and
Mr. Haston, of Solano, temporary scretary. After appointing a committee on credentials, the convention adjourned to 3 o'clock. On reassembling the report of journed to 3 o'clock. On reassembling the report of the committee was adopted, there being no contest for seats except from Napa and Amader. A committee to have permanent officers and report order of business was then appointed, and the convention adjourned to six o'clock. At that hour the committee made their report, naming J. H. Hardy, of Sacramento, president; one mem-ber from each county as vice presidents; W. J. Hooton, of Salaron as secretary, F. C. Palmer, of Sar Eracitro. of Solano, as secretary; E. C. Palmer, of San Francisco as assistant secretary. A committee on resolutions, of which J. P. Hoge, San Francisco, is president, was ap-pointed to draught resolutions and platform, and to report the next day at 10 o'clock. That embraces all the information we have of the proceedings of the regular

lemocratic convention.

The anti-Lecompton delegates assembled at the same hour in the Raptist Church, pursuant to notice given to the public through a hand-bill. They numbered about one hundred. Committees on credentials and on organ-ization were appointed on the first day, and the assem-blage then adjourned to 10 o'clock on the 5th. A de-spatch to the San Francisco Globe states that muchrexcitement prevailed among the bolters, and that several fights had occurred among them during the day. The straight-out republican convention would assemble at Sacramento on the 5th, and it was rumored that com-mittees of conference would be appointed by the Broder-ickites and the republicans to name candidates for the endorsement of both conventions.

[From the San Francisco Globe, Aug. 5th.] Our despatch from Sacramento gives the proceedings

of the first day's session of the democratic State convenof the first day's session of the democratic State conven-tion. This convention represents the national democracy of California. Its deliberations will be looked to with great interest. It will undoubtedly pass resolutions of the strongest confidence in the able and patriotic admin-istration of James Buchanan, and of unequivocal ap-proval of his entire policy. The nominations by this body will be triumphantly sustained at the polls.

True to their instincts, we find the Broderickites laying over again the old game of '54. The same brilliant success awaits them. It will be remembered that they split off from the regular convention, got up a bogus concern, and had the effrontery to nominate two prominent democrats for Congress. Even with this trick to aid them they were in a hopeless minority. One would think the sharp experience of the past would have presented. think the sharp experience of the past would have prevented a second experiment of the kind. But we find these men, true to their disorganizing proclivities, again which is a distract the democratic party. Obeying the mandates of Broderick, delivered through his chief Butler, we see them arrayed in factions opposition to the wishes of the people. Several of the faithless representatives who betrayed their constituents in the last senatorial election are conspicuous in this movement. Of what force and effect will their plotting and counter-plotting, their mock resolutions and their mock dignity, have with the democracy? They are known too well to the masses to exercise any influence at the ballot box. The people of California will do no more than laugh at the impotent malice of these bolters.

The California papers say that the past fortnight has not been prolific of news in that part of the world. The people were enjoying a kind of calm after the Fraser river tornado, which swept away so many of the young men of California to explore and subdue the wilds of the

The San Francisco papers watch very closely the sta-tistics of emigration and immigration. For the month of July the arrivals and departures at that city are re-

. 3,043 417 . 7,718 511 111 73 A table is given of the departures for Puget sound and the Fraser river mines. From April 20th to June 30th there departed forty-four vessels, carrying 22,829 men, 492

women, and 107 children, making a total of 23,428. During July, 1,791 persons arrived from Puget sound, and 7,521 departed for the same port. Adding the difference to the figures at the end of June, it appears that the total emigration to the North up to the end of July was 29,158. AT LLOYD'S was 29,158.

The first overland mail by the Salt Lake route arrived at Placerville on the 20th July. On the same night, the citizens of that place engaged in a general rejoicing to celebrate the event.

The farms in Napa valley are yielding most abundantly this year. On some fifty and sixty bushels of wheat are gathered from an acre. At the present prices this crop is worth in market in San Francisco from \$120 to \$144.

John A. Kennedy robbed a miner named A. T. Covall of \$2,700 in gold dust, at the What Cheer House, in San Peruciese, on the 17th July. Kennedy was arrested on of \$2,700 in gold dust, at the What Cheer House, in San Francisco, on the 17th July. Kennedy was arrested on the steamer for Panama, just as she was leaving, on the 20th July, and the treasure recovered from him. He was bound over in \$1,500 to appear and answer, but for-feited his bail and cleared out. In default of procuring bondsmen he had deposited the \$1,500 in cash. The amount has been paid over to the city treasury.

By a statement from the State comptroller, it appears that the amount of receipts during the ninth fiscal year ending June 30, 1858, was \$1,215,128 61, and expenditures. \$992,552 35 : excess of receipts over exceeding.

tures, \$992,552 35; excess of receipts over expenditures, \$222,576 26; amount expended properly belonging to the previous year—say \$175,000; actual expenditures of the State for the last fiscal year, \$\$17,552 \(\) \(\) 5.

THE FRASER RIVER MINES. [From the San Francisco Bulletin, August 4th.]

is not yet conclusive either as to the richness or extent of the new gold field, but our latest accounts are certainly the new gold field, but our latest accounts are certainly rich and the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary, who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary who possesses better can be little doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. That functionary who possesses better the region of a flow of the region of the flowing language in a public speech at Victoria on the 19th July, when addressing a crowd of miners.

The flat doubt of the existence of rich gold fields in the region. The flat flowed in the region of the region of the flower of the region of the regio

TWO CENTS.

the way of Harrison and Lilloost rivers and lakes, and some easy trails. This was considered of great value, as one of the principal difficulties heretofore to be contended against was the difficulty of transporting provisions to the upper waters of Fraser river, where the principal diggings are said to be located.

The Hudson's Bay Company now permit all persons to take up an unrestricted quantity of provisions to the mining region, and there seemed to be little or no suffering there now for the want of food. The Hudson's Bay Company and its officers have acted with the utmost fairness and liberality in all their deal'ugs with the miners and others, and are very popular, and universally respected. and liberality in all their deal-uga with the miners and others, and are very popular, and universally respected. For full particulars of the news from these mines, we re-fer the reader to the letters of our correspondents writ-ten from there, and full extracts from the local papers of the country, to be found in our columns, where he will also find several correct maps of this region, which will greatly assist in a correct understanding of the The news received on Sunday from the Fraser river

mining region is, in our opinion, more favorable than any that has reached us for some time past. In the first place, it now is certain that there is no actual suffering for the want of provisions by those waiting on the streams for the water to fall, as was generally supposed to be th

for the want of provisions by those waiting on the streams for the water to fail, as was generally supposed to be the case a week or two ago.

Though many articles of comfort were lacking, the prime necessaries of life—meat, bread, and collee—were possessed in sufficient quantities by the miners to prevent suffering from famine. And though the Hudson's Bay Company have not formally opened the country to free trade, they permit persons going up the rivers to take an unrestricted quantity of provisions, ostensibly for their own use, but really, in many instances, to sell to the miners encamped on the banks who may need them. Thus all fears of a serious famine are dispelled.

There seems to be no doubt also about the fact that Praser river is now falling for the season. The banks of snow in the mountains which supplied the streams, and kept them full, seem now pretty nigh exhausted. This certainly was the conviction of the persons waiting on the river banks. The consequence was that all seemed to be in good spirits, and very sanguine of being able to get to work on the now submerged bars in the course of five or six weeks at furthest.

When this should take place, none there appeared to doubt that large amounts of treasure would be obtained—enough to pay for the toil and patience that have been expended. We add our hopes to their expectations. It will require many sn ounce of the precious metal to square the account which is now heavily against the Fraser river. Six weeks' time will give us some insight into the probability of the "solvency" of the new mining region.

ORI JON AND WASHINGTON.

The State legislature of Oregon assembled at Salem on the 5th of July, and was organized by the election of Luther Elkins, of Linn county, as president of the senate, and Mr. Carpenter, clerk; Col. TVault speaker of the house, and Mr. Terry clerk. On the 7th Hon. Joseph Lane and Hon. Delazou Smith were elected United States senators by the following vote; Lane 45—scattering 5; Smith 39—scattering 11. The vote for Smith was a state to the scattering 11. Smith 39—scattering 11. The vote for Smith was a strict party vote, such being the relative strength of the political parties in the legislature on joint ballot. The democratic insjorities in the recent State election range from 1,138 to 2,145. The vote for governor was as follows: L. F. Grover, democrat, 5,859; J. R. Kelly, opposition, 4,190; democratic majority, 1,669. The democrats of Washington Territory have a ma-

jority in both branches of its legislature. NEWS FROM SOUTH AMERICA CHILE.

Our dates are from Valparaiso, July 16th; Callao, July 27th; Paita, July 36th; Guayaquil, August 1st.

From Chile we have more favorable reports, and the prospects are more flattering than during the previous fortnight. The news from the provinces promises at favorable year for crops of all kinds. The political agitations of those in the session is now assum-

tion continues in Congress, but the session is now assum-ing a more peaceful aspect. Amongst the projects newly submitted to Congress, the most important is the estabsubmitted to congress, the most important is the estatilishment of towing steamers through the Straits of Magellan, which is of great interest to the navigation and
commerce of the whole world. It would shorten the
voyage from Chile upwards of fifteen hundred miles to
the Old World and North America. A detailed report of
the police force throughout the republic having been demanded, it appears that the existing force amounts to

3.23 may require for their support an annual expense.

Valparaiso and Santiago railroad. The sum invested up to grow the results was started up to grow the first four months of this year the revenue yields 3.5.71
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Fight lines or less make a square; longer advertisements in exac proportion, and all payable in advance. Advertisements ordered in twice or thrice a week will be charged 57% cents per square for each insertion after the first. Advertisements once a week in the daily, 50 cents per square for each insertion. Special solices charged double the foregoing rates.

WILMINGTON AS SEEN BY A STRANGER. INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL,

Wilmington, (Del.,) August, 27, 1858.
Wilmington is one of the most beautiful inland towns I have ever visited, and presents more real attraction to the traveller than half of the most noted places of fashmable resort in the world. It contains an intelligent and industrious population of nearly twenty thousand, and its business and importance increases year by year.
The city is located about one mile above the confluence of Christiana creek with the Brandywine river, and is well hullt, chiefly of brick. The ground has a gradual rise from the river, which affords a fine view of Delaware Ray. There are several fine churches of the various denomina There are several fine churches of the various denominations, a large hospital, two market-houses, an arsenal, and some hotels of superior accommodation. Of the latter I cannot help speaking of the Indian Queen and its proprietor, one of the finest gentleman I have ever unct. Mr. Allmond opened his house under adverse circumstances when the Maine-law was in operation in the State of Delaware. He refused to comply with its requirements, and the consequence was that he was constantly annoyed by the advocates of temperance. At one time there were upwards of three hundred indictments pending against him, and he was constantly arrested and as frequently released. He informs me that, sooner than encounter the troubles to which he was subjected on that occasion he would cut off his right arm. In costs and lawyers fees he was bled to the tune of two thousand dellars, and his ball amounted at one time to more than three hundred thousand dellars! It was mainly through his influence that this odious law was repealed.

The commercial interests of Wilmington are considerable, inasmuch as vessels drawing fourteen feet of water can come up to the wharves of Christiana Creek. Those drawing eight feet can be admitted into Brandywina Creek. The total tonnage, I am informed, amounts to upwards of 12,000 tons.

The manufactures of Wilmington are celebrated. Among the most important, I notice that of Hade and Hollingsworth, at which iron steamboats, railroad cars, and machinery of every description are manufactured in large quantities. Upwards of five hundred hands are tions, a large hospital, two market-houses, an

Among the most important, I notice that of Hade and Hollingsworth, at which iron steamboats, railroad cars, and machinery of every description are manufactured in large quantities. Upwards of five hundred hands are employed by the proprietors, and the income every year is a handsome fortune. Messrs. Betts, Robs, & Jones have an extensive establishment for the manufacture of machinery and steam boilers alone, and employ upwards of three hundred hands. Messrs. Bush & Laubdale have an extensive establishment for the manufacture of ear-wheels, which are shipped to all parts of the world, and Messrs. Homer & Daniels manufacture nothing but railroad car-springs. I must not forget to mention the cotton manufacturing establishment of De La Mott & Son, the largest in the city, and the Brandywine flouring mills, thirteen in number, which are celebrated for their shipping flour, &c. Upwards of fifty barrels are turned out by each store in twenty-four hours. There are also large vessels are built. There are also several large spin-building establishments, where some very large vessels are built. There are also several large foundries and a large number of manufacturing establishments which I had no opportunity of examining; and about three or four miles above the city are the celebrated mills for the manufacture of powder.

iments which I had no opportunity of examining; and about three or four miles above the city are the celebrated mills for the manufacture of powder.

But I nearly forgot the large leather establishment of H. S. McCombs & Brother, which I visited. This is a very large establishment, and its business operations are very extensive. This firm has secured the contract for the manufacture of leather hose for the various navy-yards in consequence of the substantial manner in which their work is executed. This is believed to be the largest establishment in the United States.

There are other attractions in Wilmington besides its beauties and its manufactures, and these are the beauty of the ladies. I do not believe I ever saw so many beautiful creatures in my life as I have met in every direction since I have taken up my quarters here. I am perfectly dazzled, bewildered.

The democracy of this city, and indeed of the entire State of Delaware, disapprove of the course pursued by Judge Douglas, and express great indignation at the course which he has seen fit to pursue. Unless he will finally consent to concede the contested points between himself and the administration, he will be compelled to give up all hopes of future success. I never knew a more devoted party to principle than the democracy of Delaware. Principle is everything, expediency nothing.

HOSTILITY OF THE NAVAHOES. ["orraspondence of the St. Louis Republican.]

SANTA FE, August 1, 1858. manded, it appears that the existing force amounts to 2,323 men, requiring for their support an annual expense of \$461,449. The number of letters posted in 1857 in all the Chile post offices amount to 613,772; that of certified letters to 410; that of fined letters to 126,297, that of samples to 6,509; that of newspapers, 163,060; and ditto fined to 2,445; total, I,314,908, and their value \$79,565. The number of letters posted for foreign countries in 1857 was 792,601.

The Secretary of State assigns in his report the cause which induced the government to buy the shares in the Valparaiso and Santiago railroad. The sum invested up to April last in the railroad works was \$4,900,465. During the first four months of this year the revenue yielded by the railroad was upwards of \$77,458, of which